

UNIT **3** *Read and Write*



En esta unidad vas a:

- leer una noticia periodística sobre un robo en un banco
- aprender a escribir en inglés utilizando adverbios.

BANK ROBBERY



Yesterday afternoon police officers arrested a man after he tried to rob a bank near Buckingham Palace in London. Unfortunately, they failed to catch the man's accomplice who escaped from the scene of the crime.

Four employees were working behind the counter in the bank at the time: a man and three women. Suddenly, at 11:30 a.m., two men ran into the bank carrying handguns. Luckily, there were no customers inside. The first man jumped over the counter while the other was closing the doors to the bank. However, the employees quickly realized what was happening and managed to move faster than the bank robbers.

The male employee escaped through the back door and left the building through a window. The three women ran into another room and closed the door. The bank robber couldn't open the door because all three women were standing behind

it. Then they moved some furniture behind it so that he couldn't get in.

When the second man saw the four employees disappear, he ran back out of the bank and escaped in a white car before the police arrived. Five minutes later twenty police officers surrounded the building and helped the employees on the other floors of the bank to leave. At 12:15 p.m. they entered the bank to rescue the three women but they couldn't find the robber. Eventually, a police dog found him in a cupboard where he was hiding. He was holding a bag containing fifteen thousand pounds in five pound notes. Police officers arrested him immediately and took him to the station in a police van.

Fortunately, no one was hurt in the incident, but police are asking for information about the second bank robber. Witnesses are asked to call the police information hotline as soon as possible.

1 Indica si las siguientes afirmaciones son verdaderas (true) o falsas (false).

- 1 The bank robbery happened yesterday. _____
- 2 The police arrested both robbers. _____
- 3 The bank employees were all women. _____
- 4 The bank robbers didn't have guns. _____
- 5 There weren't any customers in the bank. _____
- 6 One of the employees escaped through a window. _____
- 7 One of the robbers escaped in a white van. _____
- 8 There were more employees on other floors of the bank. _____
- 9 A police officer found the robber in a cupboard. _____
- 10 A bank employee was hurt in the incident. _____

2 Completa el resumen con las palabras del recuadro.



van window information customers room
pounds cupboard dog white furniture

Yesterday two men tried to rob a bank in London. Four people were working in the bank when the robbers entered, but there weren't any **1** _____. When the employees saw the men, they knew they were bank robbers. The male employee left the building through a **2** _____ and the other three employees hid in another **3** _____. They put **4** _____ behind the door so that the robber couldn't get in. One of the robbers escaped in a **5** _____ van before the police arrived. The other robber stole fifteen thousand **6** _____ and then he hid in a **7** _____. A **8** _____ found him there and he was arrested. Police officers took him to the police station in a **9** _____. The police would like **10** _____ about the second bank robber. Witnesses should phone the police information hotline.

Words to remember

3 Busca las palabras en el texto.

Workers
(paragraph 2).
employees



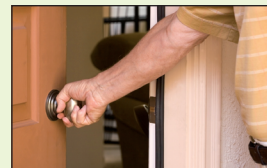
1 A man (adjective)
(paragraph 3).



2 Managed to get
free from somebody
(paragraph 3).



3 Enter a place
(paragraph 3).



4 Went all around
something
(paragraph 4).



5 Save someone
from a dangerous
situation
(paragraph 4).



Using adverbs

Los adverbios aportan detalles concretos sobre todo tipo de acciones.

Los adverbios *suddenly* (de repente), *eventually* (al final) e *immediately* (inmediatamente) indican cuándo ocurrió una acción. *Suddenly* y *eventually* suelen ir situados al principio de la frase y van seguidos de una coma. En cambio, *immediately* suele situarse al final.

Suddenly, two men ran into the bank carrying handguns.

De repente, dos hombres con pistolas entraron corriendo en el banco.

Police officers arrested him immediately.

Los policías lo detuvieron inmediatamente.

Eventually, a police dog found him in a cupboard where he was hiding.

Al final, un perro policía lo encontró escondido en un armario.

Los adverbios *fortunately* (afortunadamente), *unfortunately* (desgraciadamente) y *luckily* (por suerte) indican la impresión del hablante sobre lo que ha pasado. Suelen ir situados al principio de la frase y van seguidos de una coma.

Fortunately, no one was hurt in the incident.

Afortunadamente, nadie resultó herido en el incidente.

Luckily, there were no customers inside.

Por suerte, no había clientes dentro.

Unfortunately, they failed to catch the man's accomplice.

Desgraciadamente, no pudieron atrapar al cómplice del individuo.

1 Completa las frases con suddenly, eventually, immediately, fortunately, unfortunately o luckily.



Fortunately, a neighbour saw the burglar and she called the police.

- 1 _____, four armed men ran into the supermarket.
- 2 _____, they caught the thief before he had time to steal anything.
- 3 We drove through the city for a long time. _____, we arrived at the hotel.
- 4 _____, I forgot to lock my car, so someone stole my car radio.
- 5 When my son fell down the stairs, we called an ambulance _____.
- 6 _____, there was a loud noise which made everybody scream.
- 7 _____, I got on the wrong bus, and I got completely lost.
- 8 We spent all day looking for our cat. _____, we found it in a tree.

2 Elige el adverbio correcto.

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Yesterday I had a very bad day.

1 Unfortunately / Suddenly, I didn't hear my alarm when it went off, and so I woke up very late. I got up and got dressed **2 immediately / luckily**, and I ran into the street to find my car. **3 Unfortunately / Eventually**, it wasn't outside my house where I usually park it, so I walked up and down the street a few times trying to find it. **4 Eventually / Fortunately**, I went back home and called the police. They told me that there was a car thief in my area and that they were already looking for two other cars. I decided to take the bus to work.

5 Luckily / Unfortunately, the bus arrived as soon as I got to the bus stop, so I got on and bought a ticket. **6 Suddenly / Fortunately**, a car came around the corner too fast and crashed into our bus. **7 Fortunately / Eventually**, no one was hurt, but we all had to get off the bus. I decided to take a taxi to work, because by now I was really late. When we arrived outside my office I took out my wallet to pay the driver. **8 Unfortunately / Suddenly**, I didn't have enough money, so we had to find a bank. I arrived at work two hours late, without my car or any money, after paying £20 for the journey. What a terrible day!